

Tutorial 4

Q1 Find the work done by Force $\vec{F} = 3\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$ when its point of application moves from $(3, 2, -1)$ to $(2, 5, 4)$

→ Let, Force = $\vec{F} = 3\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$.

$$\text{Let } \vec{OA} = 3\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{OB} = 2\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = \vec{AB} = \vec{OB} - \vec{OA}$$

$$= (2\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}) - (3\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - \vec{k})$$

$$= (2-3)\vec{i} + (5-2)\vec{j} + (4+1)\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = -\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 5\vec{k}$$

Work done by Force \vec{F}

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d}$$

$$= (3\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}) \cdot (-\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 5\vec{k})$$

$$= (3)(-1) + (-2)(3) + (4)(5)$$

$$= -3 - 6 + 20$$

$$W = 11 \text{ units.}$$

Q2 A particle acted upon by forces \vec{F}_1 & \vec{F}_2 is displaced from $(1, 2, 3)$ to $(5, 4, 1)$. Find work done, where $\vec{F}_1 = 4\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 3\vec{k}$ and $\vec{F}_2 = 3\vec{i} + \vec{j} - \vec{k}$.

Sol.

$$\text{Given: } \vec{F}_1 = 4\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 3\vec{k}, \vec{F}_2 = 3\vec{i} + \vec{j} - \vec{k}$$

$$\text{let } \vec{OA} = \vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{OB} = 5\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} + \vec{k}$$

$$\text{consider, } \vec{F} = \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2$$

$$= (4\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 3\vec{k}) + (3\vec{i} + \vec{j} - \vec{k})$$

$$= (4+3)\vec{i} + (1+1)\vec{j} + (-3-1)\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{F} = 7\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 4\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = \vec{AB} = \vec{OB} - \vec{OA}$$

$$= (5\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} + \vec{k}) - (\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k})$$

$$= (5-1)\vec{i} + (4-2)\vec{j} + (1-3)\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = 4\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$$

Work done by force \vec{F}

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d}$$

$$= (7\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 4\vec{k}) \cdot (4\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 2\vec{k})$$

$$= (7)(4) + (2)(2) + (-4)(-2)$$

$$= 28 + 4 + 8$$

$$= 40 \text{ units.}$$

3. A particle is displaced from the point where P.V is $2i - 3j + 4k$ to the point $3i - 2j + k$ under the action of the forces $2i + 4j - 3k$, $5i - 2j + k$, and $i - j + k$. Find the total work done.

Sol. Given:

$$\text{Let } \vec{F}_1 = 10i - j + 11k$$

$$\vec{F}_2 = 4i + 5j + 6k$$

$$\vec{F}_3 = -2i + j - 9k$$

$$\text{Let } \vec{OA} = 5i - 5j - 7k$$

$$\vec{OB} = 6i + 2j - 2k$$

$$\vec{F} = \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 + \vec{F}_3$$

$$= (10i - j + 11k) + (4i + 5j + 6k) + (-2i + j - 9k)$$

$$= (10 + 4 - 2)i + (-1 + 5 + 1)j + (11 + 6 - 9)k$$

$$\vec{F} = 12i + 5j + 8k$$

$$\vec{d} = \vec{AB} = \vec{OB} - \vec{OA}$$

$$= (6i + 2j - 2k) - (5i - 5j - 7k)$$

$$= (6 - 5)i + (2 + 5)j + (-2 + 7)k$$

$$\vec{d} = i + 7j + 5k$$

Work done by force \vec{F}

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d}$$

$$= (12i + 5j + 8k) \cdot (i + 7j + 5k)$$

$$= (12)(1) + (5)(7) + (8)(5)$$

$$= 12 + 35 + 40$$

$$= 87 \text{ units}$$

4 A particle is displaced from the point whose PV is $2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$ to the point $3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ under the action of the forces $2\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$, $5\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$. Find the total work done.

Sol. Given: Let, $\vec{F}_1 = 2\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$

$$\vec{F}_2 = 5\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$$

$$\vec{F}_3 = \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$$

$$\vec{F} = \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 + \vec{F}_3$$

$$\vec{F} = (2\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}) + (5\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}) + (\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k})$$

$$= (2+5+1)\mathbf{i} + (4-2-1)\mathbf{j} + (-3+1+1)\mathbf{k}$$

$$\vec{F} = 6\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$$

$$\text{let } \vec{OA} = 2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$$

$$\vec{OB} = 3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = \vec{AB} = \vec{OB} - \vec{OA}$$

$$= (3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}) - (2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k})$$

$$= (3-2)\mathbf{i} + (-2+3)\mathbf{j} + (1-4)\mathbf{k}$$

$$= \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$$

Work done by force \vec{F}

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d}$$

$$= (6\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}) \cdot (\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k})$$

$$= (6)(1) + (1)(1) + (-1)(-3)$$

$$= 6 + 1 + 3$$

$$W = 12$$

5 Find the work done by the forces represented by the vectors $(1, 2, -1)$ and $(3, -5, 2)$ acting on a particle which moves from the point $(3, 2, 1)$ to the point $(4, 5, 6)$ along the straight line.

Sol. Given: consider, $\vec{F}_1 = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$
 $\vec{F}_2 = 3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F} &= \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 \\ &= \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k} + 3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + 2\hat{k} \\ \vec{F} &= 4\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

consider, $\vec{OA} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$

$$\vec{OB} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = \vec{AB} = \vec{OB} - \vec{OA}$$

$$= 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k} - (4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} + 6\hat{k})$$

$$= (3-4)\hat{i} + (2-5)\hat{j} + (1-6)\hat{k}$$

$$= (4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}) - (3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k})$$

$$= (4-3)\hat{i} + (5-2)\hat{j} + (6-1)\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = \hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$$

work done by force \vec{F}

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d}$$

$$= (4\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}) \cdot (\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k})$$

$$= (4)(1) + (-3)(3) + (1)(5)$$

$$= 4 - 9 + 5$$

$$W = 0 \text{ units}$$

6. Find vector moment of force $2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$ acting at a point $(1, -1, 2)$ about the point $(2, -1, 3)$

Sol. consider, $\vec{F} = 3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$

$$A = (1, -1, 2)$$

$$\vec{OA} = \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$$

$$B = (2, -1, 3)$$

$$\vec{OB} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = \vec{BA} = \vec{OA} - \vec{OB}$$

$$= (\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}) - (2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k})$$

$$= (1-2)\mathbf{i} + (-1+1)\mathbf{j} + (2-3)\mathbf{k}$$

$$\vec{d} = -\mathbf{i} + 0\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$$

Moment by the force \vec{F} about the point

$$B = \vec{d} \times \vec{F} = (-\mathbf{i} + 0\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}) \times (3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k})$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (0+2)\mathbf{i} - (4+3)\mathbf{j} + (-2-0)\mathbf{k}$$

$$= 2\mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$$

⑦ Three forces $i+2j-3k$, $2i+3j+4k$, $-i-j+k$ are acting on a particle at a point $(2, 1, -2)$. Find the moment of the system about the point $(1, 1, -1)$.

Sol. Given: consider, $\vec{F}_1 = i+2j-3k$
 $\vec{F}_2 = 2i+3j+4k$
 $\vec{F}_3 = -i-j+k$.

consider, $A \equiv (2, 1, -2)$
 $\vec{OA} = 2i+j-2k$
 $B \equiv (1, 1, -1)$
 $\vec{OB} = i+j-k$.

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F} &= \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 + \vec{F}_3 \\ &= (i+2j-3k) + (2i+3j+4k) + (-i-j+k) \\ &= (1+2-1)i + (2+3-1)j + (-3+4+1)k \\ \vec{F} &= 2i+4j+2k\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{d} &= \vec{BA} = \vec{OA} - \vec{OB} \\ &= (2i+j-2k) - (i+j-k) \\ &= (2-1)i + (1-1)j + (-2+1)k \\ \vec{d} &= i+0j-k\end{aligned}$$

moment by the force \vec{F} about the point B

$$\begin{aligned}&= \vec{d} \times \vec{F} \\ &= (i+0j-k) \times (2i+4j+2k) \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= (0+4)i - (2+2)j + (4-0)k \\ &= 4i-4j+4k\end{aligned}$$

- 8) Find the magnitude of the moment of a force $-4i + j + k$ acting at a point with P.V $i + 2j + 3k$ about the point with P.V $-3i + 5j + 5k$.

Sol. Consider, $\vec{F} = -4i + j + k$.

$$\vec{OA} = i + 2j + 3k$$

$$\vec{OB} = -3i + 5j + 5k$$

$$\vec{d} = \vec{BA} = \vec{OA} - \vec{OB}$$

$$= (i + 2j + 3k) - (-3i + 5j + 5k)$$

$$= (1+3)i + (2-5)j + (3-5)k$$

$$\vec{d} = 4i - 3j - 2k$$

moment by the force \vec{F} about the point

$$B = \vec{d} \times \vec{F}$$

$$= (4i - 3j - 2k) \times (-4i + j + k)$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ -3 & 5 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (-15 + 10)i - (20 - 6)j + (20 - 9)k$$

$$= -5i - 14j + 11k$$

$$|\vec{d} \times \vec{F}| = \sqrt{-5}$$

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9) A force of magnitude 3 units. in the direction $2i+3j+6k$ act at $(1,1,1)$ Find its movement about the point $(-1,2,3)$

Sol. consider, $\hat{a} = 2i+3j+6k$
 $|\hat{a}| = \sqrt{2^2+3^2+6^2} = \sqrt{49} = 7$

unit vector $\hat{a} = \frac{2i+3j+6k}{7}$

\vec{F} = force vector of magnitude 3 : $3 \times \hat{a}$
 $= \frac{3}{7}(2i+3j+6k)$

consider, $A \equiv (1,1,1)$
 $B \equiv (-1,2,3)$
 $OA = (i+j+k)$
 $OB = (-i+2j+3k)$

$\vec{d} = \vec{BA} = (i+j+k) - (-i+2j+3k)$
 $= 2i - j - 2k$

moment ~~of~~ ^{by} force \vec{F} about the point B
 $= \vec{d} \times \vec{F}$

$$= \frac{3}{7} \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 & 6 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{3}{7} (0i - 16j + 8k)$$

$$= \frac{3}{7} \times 8 (2j+k)$$

$$= \frac{24}{7} (2j+k)$$

10 Three forces $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $-\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}$, & $3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ are acting at a point $(-2, 1, 2)$ find the moment of the forces about the point $(1, 1, 1)$.

Sol. consider, $\vec{F}_1 = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$
 $\vec{F}_2 = -\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}$
 $\vec{F}_3 = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$
 $\vec{F} = \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 + \vec{F}_3$
 $= (2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}) + (-\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}) + (3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$
 $= (2 - 1 + 3)\hat{i} + (1 - 1 - 2)\hat{j} + (1 - 1 + 2)\hat{k}$
 $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$

consider, $A \equiv (-2, 1, 2)$
 $B \equiv (1, 1, 1)$
 $\vec{OA} = (-2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$
 $\vec{OB} = (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$

$\vec{d} = \vec{BA} = \vec{OA} - \vec{OB}$
 $= (-2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$
 $= (-2 - 1)\hat{i} + (1 - 1)\hat{j} + (2 - 1)\hat{k}$
 $= -3\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + \hat{k}$

moment by the force \vec{F} about the point B
 $= \vec{d} \times \vec{F}$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$= (0 + 2)\hat{i} - (-6 - 4)\hat{j} + (6 - 0)\hat{k}$
 $= 2\hat{i} + 10\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$