

31/1/25

## Tutorial 5

1  $y = 3x^4 + \cos x - \tan x + \sec x$

differentiate  $y$  w.r.t.  $x$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx}(3x^4) + \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) - \frac{d}{dx}(\tan x) + \frac{d}{dx}(\sec x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3(4x^3) + (-\sin x) - \sec^2 x + \sec x \cdot \tan x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 12x^3 - \sin x - \sec^2 x + \sec x \tan x$$

2  $y = x e^x \cos x$

(Given:  $y = x e^x \cos x$ )

differentiate  $y$  w.r.t.  $x$ 

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx}(x e^x \cos x)$$

$$= x e^x \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + x \cos x \frac{d}{dx} (e^x) + e^x \cos x \frac{d}{dx} (x)$$

$$= x e^x (-\sin x) + x \cos x e^x + e^x \cos x (1)$$

$$= -\sin x (x) e^x + x \cos x e^x + e^x \cos x$$

$$= e^x (-x \sin x + x \cos x + \cos x)$$

3  $y = \frac{2+\sqrt{x}}{2-\sqrt{x}}$

given:  $y = \frac{2+\sqrt{x}}{2-\sqrt{x}}$

differentiate w.r.t.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{2+\sqrt{x}}{2-\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(2-\sqrt{x}) \frac{d}{dx} (2+\sqrt{x}) - (2+\sqrt{x}) \frac{d}{dx} (2-\sqrt{x})}{(2-\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{(2-\sqrt{x}) \left( \frac{d}{dx} (2) + \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{x}) \right) - (2+\sqrt{x}) \left( \frac{d}{dx} (2) - \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{x}) \right)}{(2-\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{(2-\sqrt{x}) \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) + (2+\sqrt{x}) \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{(2-\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2-\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2+\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(2-\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2-\sqrt{x}+2+\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(2-\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{4}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(2-\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}(2-\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$4 \quad y = \frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}$$

$$\text{given: } y = \frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}$$

differentiate w.r.t.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1+x^2) \frac{d}{dx}(1-x^2) - (1-x^2) \frac{d}{dx}(1+x^2)}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{(1+x^2) \left( \frac{d(1)}{dx} - \frac{d(x^2)}{dx} \right) - (1-x^2) \left( \frac{d(1)}{dx} + \frac{d(x^2)}{dx} \right)}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(1+x^2)(-2x) - (1-x^2)(2x)}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-2x - 2x^3 - (2x - 2x^3)}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-2x - 2x^3 - 2x + 2x^3}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-4x}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

5

$$y = \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x}$$

Given:  $y = \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x}$

differentiate w.r.t.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{(1 - \cos x) \frac{d}{dx} (\sin x) - \sin x \frac{d}{dx} (1 - \cos x)}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(1 - \cos x) (\cos x) - \sin x (\sin x)}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(1 - \cos x) \cos x - \sin^2 x}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x - \cos^2 x - (1 - \cos^2 x)}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x - \cos^2 x - 1 + \cos^2 x}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1 + \cos x}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1(1 - \cos x)}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{1 - \cos x}$$

$$6 \quad y = \log_{10} x + \log_x x + \log_{10} 10$$

$$\text{given: } y = \log_{10} x + \log_x x + \log_{10} 10$$

differentiate w.r.t.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (\log_{10} x + \log_x x + \log_{10} 10)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\log x}{\log 10} \right) + \frac{d}{dx} (1) + \frac{d}{dx} (1)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\log x}{\log 10} \right) + 0 + 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{\log 10} \frac{d}{dx} (\log x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\log 10} \times \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x \log 10}$$

$$7 \quad y = 5a^x + \sqrt[4]{x^3} + \log x^2$$

$$\text{Given: } y = 5a^x + \sqrt[4]{x^3} + \log x^2$$

differentiate w.r.t.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (5a^x) + \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt[4]{x^3}) + \frac{d}{dx} (\log x^2)$$

$$= 5 \frac{d}{dx} (a^x) + \frac{d}{dx} (x^{3/4}) + \frac{d}{dx} (2 \log x)$$

$$= 5(a^x \log a) + \frac{3x^{-1/4}}{4} + \frac{2}{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5a^x \log a + \frac{3}{4\sqrt[4]{x}} + \frac{2}{x}$$

8  $y = (\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}})^2$

$$y = (\sqrt{x})^2 + 2\sqrt{x} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^2$$

$$y = x + 2 + \frac{1}{x}$$

differentiate w.r.t. x

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx}(x) + \frac{d}{dx}(2) + \frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + (0) + \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - \frac{1}{x^2}$$

9  $y = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\cos x - \sin x}$

Given:  $y = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\cos x - \sin x}$

differentiate w.r.t. x

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(\cos x - \sin x) \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x + \cos x) - (\sin x + \cos x) \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x - \sin x)}{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x - \sin x) \left( \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) + \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) \right) - (\sin x + \cos x) \left( \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) - \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) \right)}{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x - \sin x)(\cos x - \sin x) - (\sin x + \cos x)(-\sin x - \cos x)}{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x - \sin x)(\cos x + \sin x) + (\sin x + \cos x)(\sin x + \cos x)}{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x - \sin x)^2 + (\sin x + \cos x)^2}{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x - \sin x)^2 + (\sin x + \cos x)^2}{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + \frac{1 + 2\sin x \cos x}{1 - 2\sin x \cos x} = 1 + \frac{1 + \sin 2x}{1 - \sin 2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 - \sin 2x + 1 + \sin 2x}{1 - \sin 2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{1 - \sin 2x}$$

10  $y = \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$

given:  $y = \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$

differentiate w.r.t  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(\sqrt{x})^2}} \times \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x})$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x}} \times \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{(2\sqrt{x})(\sqrt{1-x})}$$

11  $y = (1+x^2)^{10}$

given:  $y = (1+x^2)^{10}$

differentiate w.r.t  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (1+x^2)^{10}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 10(1+x^2)^9 \frac{d}{dx} (1+x^2)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 10(1+x^2)^9 (2x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 20x(1+x^2)^9$$

Page No.   
 Date

12  $y = e^{\sin x} + (\log x)^3 + \sqrt{\sin x}$   
 Given:  $e^{\sin x} + (\log x)^3 + \sqrt{\sin x}$ , differentiate wrt.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d(e^{\sin x})}{dx} + \frac{d(\log x)^3}{dx} + \frac{d(\sqrt{\sin x})}{dx}$$

$$= e^{\sin x} \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} + 3(\log x)^2 \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\sin x}} \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx}$$

$$= e^{\sin x} (\cos x) + 3(\log x)^2 \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\sin x}} \times \cos x$$

$$= e^{\sin x} (\cos x) + \frac{3(\log x)^2}{x} + \frac{\cos x}{2\sqrt{\sin x}}$$

$$= \cos x e^{\sin x} + \frac{3x(2 \log x)}{x} + \frac{\cos x}{2\sqrt{\sin x}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos x e^{\sin x} + \frac{6 \log x}{x} + \frac{\cos x}{2\sqrt{\sin x}}$$

13  $y = e^{-7x} \cos 3x$   
 Given:  $y = e^{-7x} \cos 3x$

differentiate w.r.t.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d(e^{-7x})}{dx} \frac{d(\cos 3x)}{dx} + \cos 3x \frac{d(e^{-7x})}{dx}$$

$$= e^{-7x} (-\sin 3x \frac{d(3x)}{dx}) + \cos 3x (e^{-7x} \frac{d(-7x)}{dx})$$

$$= e^{-7x} (-\sin 3x (3)) + \cos 3x (e^{-7x} (-7))$$

$$= -3 \sin 3x e^{-7x} + \cos 3x (e^{-7x} (-7))$$

$$= -3 \sin 3x e^{-7x} - 7 \cos 3x (e^{-7x})$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-7x} (-3 \sin 3x - 7 \cos 3x)$$

14  $y = e^3 \log e^{3 \log(x^2+a^2)}$

$$= e^{\log(x^2+a^2)^3}$$

$$y = (x^2+a^2)^3$$

differentiate w.r.t. x

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx}(x^2) + \frac{d}{dx}(a^2)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx}(x^2+a^2)^3$$

$$= 3(x^2+a^2)^2 \frac{d}{dx}(x^2+a^2)$$

$$= 3(x^2+a^2)^2 (2x+0)$$

$$= 3(x^2+a^2)^2 (2x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x(x^2+a^2)^2$$

15  $y = \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$

Given  $y = \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$

differentiate w.r.t. x

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx}\left(\log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin(x/2)} \frac{d}{dx}\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin(x/2)} \left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\cos(x/2)}{\sin(x/2)} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cot(x/2)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cot(x/2)}{2}$$

16  $y = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x \sin^2 x}$

given:  $y = \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} \times \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$

$y = \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \sec^2 x$

differentiate  $y$  w.r.t  $x$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \frac{d}{dx} (\sec^2 x) + \sec^2 x \frac{d}{dx} (\operatorname{cosec}^2 x)$

$= \operatorname{cosec}^2 x (2 \sec x \frac{d}{dx} (\sec x)) + \sec^2 x (2 \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \frac{d}{dx} (\operatorname{cosec} x))$

$= \operatorname{cosec}^2 x (2 \sec x \cdot \sec x \cdot \tan x) + \sec^2 x (2 \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \operatorname{cosec} x \cot x)$

$= \operatorname{cosec}^2 x (2 \sec^2 x \tan x) + \sec^2 x (2 \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \cot x)$

$= \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} \left( \frac{2}{\cos^2 x} \times \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \left( \frac{2}{\sin^2 x} \times \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right)$

$= \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} \left( \frac{2 \sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{2 \cos x}{\sin x} \right)$

$= \frac{2 (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)}{\sin^3 x \cos^3 x}$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2 \operatorname{cosec}^3 x \sec^3 x}{\sin^3 x \cos^3 x}$

17

$$y = \tan^{-1}(\cos(2x))$$

Given:  $y = \tan^{-1}(\cos(2x))$

differentiate w.r.t x

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (\tan^{-1}(\cos(2x)))$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + (\cos(2x))^2} \times \frac{d}{dx} (\cos(2x))$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + (\cos(2x))^2} \cdot (-\sin(2x)) \frac{d}{dx} (2x)$$

$$= \frac{-\sin 2x}{1 + (\cos(2x))^2} \times (2)$$

$$= \frac{-2 \sin 2x}{1 + \cos^2(2x)}$$

$$= \frac{-2(2 \sin x \cos x)}{1 + \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{-4 \sin x \cos x}{1 - \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{-4 \sin x \cos x}{\cancel{\cos^2 x} + 1 - \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{-4 \sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x + \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{-4 \sin x \cos x}{2 \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$= -2 \tan x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2 \tan x$$

18

$$y = \cos(xe^x)$$

Gegeben  $y = \cos(xe^x)$   
differentiate w. r. t.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (\cos(xe^x))$$

$$= -\sin(xe^x) \frac{d}{dx} (xe^x)$$

$$= -\sin(xe^x) \left( x \frac{d}{dx} (e^x) + e^x \frac{d}{dx} (x) \right)$$

$$= -\sin(xe^x) (xe^x + e^x(1))$$

$$= -\sin(xe^x) (e^x(x+1))$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -e^x(x+1)\sin(xe^x)$$

19

$$y = x \sin^{-1}(x) + \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

Gegeben:  $y = x \sin^{-1}x + \sqrt{1-x^2}$   
differentiate w. r. t.  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (x \sin^{-1}x + \sqrt{1-x^2})$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} (x \sin^{-1}x) + \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

$$= \left( x \frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1}x + \sin^{-1}x \frac{d}{dx} (x) \right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}} \frac{d}{dx} (1-x^2)$$

$$= \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \sin^{-1}x(1) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}} (-2x)$$

$$= \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \sin^{-1}x - \frac{2x}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin^{-1}x$$

20  $y = \sin^2(e^{3x})$

given:  $y = \sin^2(e^{3x})$   
differentiate w.r.t  $x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (\sin^2(e^{3x}))$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \sin(e^{3x}) \frac{d}{dx} (e^{3x})$$

$$= 2 \sin(e^{3x}) \cos(e^{3x}) \frac{d}{dx} (e^{3x})$$

$$= 2 \sin(e^{3x}) \cos(e^{3x}) (e^{3x}) \frac{d}{dx} (3x)$$

$$= \sin(2e^{3x}) (e^{3x}) (3)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3e^{3x} \sin(2e^{3x})$$